

Investor Presentation

Second Quarter 2026



Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including without limitation those regarding Popular’s business, financial condition, results of operations and objectives, outlook, performance, earnings and expenses. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, are based on the current expectations of Popular, Inc.’s management and, by their nature, involve risks, uncertainties, estimates and assumptions. Potential factors, some of which are beyond our control, could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. More information on the risks and important factors that could affect our future results and financial condition is included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, and our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our filings are available on our website (www.popular.com) and on the Securities and Exchange Commission website (www.sec.gov). We assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements which speak as of their respective dates.

Strategic Framework



BE THE #1 BANK FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

Meet customers where they are. We are their first choice, always one step ahead, fostering loyalty and deepening relationships at every stage of their lives, to drive growth



BE SIMPLE AND EFFICIENT

Deliver solutions faster, improve productivity, and reduce costs



BE A TOP PERFORMING BANK

Become a performance-driven organization with top talent, delivering sustainable, profitable growth and sustainable long-term value to our shareholders

Q2 2026 Highlights

Financial Highlights

(\$ in millions, except per share information)

Income Statement	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Change	Q2 2025
Net Income	\$ 278	\$ 246	\$ 32	\$ 210
Net Interest Margin (NIM)	3.66%	3.66%	-	3.49%
Net Interest Margin FTE ¹	4.17%	4.14%	3 bps	3.85%
Total Deposit Costs	1.57%	1.56%	1 bps	1.78%
EPS	\$ 4.35	\$ 3.78	\$ 0.57	\$ 3.09

Financial Ratios

ROA	1.41%	1.29%	12 bps	1.11%
ROTCE ²	17.02%	15.46%	156 bps	13.26%

Ending Balances

Loans Held-in-Portfolio	\$ 39,750	\$ 39,290	\$ 460	\$ 38,185
Total Assets	78,972	76,131	2,841	76,065
Total Deposits	70,233	67,611	2,622	67,217
Borrowings	1,463	1,120	343	1,414

Credit Quality

Non-Performing Loans (NPLs)	\$ 413	\$ 458	\$ (45)	\$ 312
NPL Ratio	1.04%	1.17%	-13 bps	0.82%
NCO Ratio	1.05%	0.61%	44 bps	0.45%
ACL-NPL Ratio	190%	180%	10%	247%

Capital

Common Equity Tier 1	16.08%	15.92%	16 bps	15.91%
Tangible Book Value Per Share	\$ 87.94	\$ 84.98	\$ 2.96	\$ 75.41
Capital Returned to Shareholders ³	174	204	(30)	160

Quarter Highlights

Highlights:

- ROTCE of 17.02% vs. 15.46% in Q1
- Net interest income increased \$23 million to \$693 million driven by higher income from U.S. Treasury securities
- NIM 3.66% unchanged; FTE NIM expanded 3 bps to 4.17%
- Loans held-in-portfolio increased \$460 million driven by commercial, construction and mortgage loans
- Total deposits increased \$2.6 billion or 3.9%; excluding P.R. public deposits, customer deposits decreased \$414 million or 1%
- NPLs decreased \$45 million to \$413 million, driven by the transfer of a \$155 million NPL to loans held-for-sale ("LHFS"); NPL ratio at 1.04% vs. 1.17% in Q1
- NCO Ratio of 1.05% vs. 0.61% in Q1; excluding the \$71 million charge-off related to the NPL transferred to LHFS, NCO Ratio of 0.33%
- Tangible book value per share increased \$2.96 or 3.5% to \$87.94

Capital Actions:

- Repurchased \$125 million in common stock at an average price of \$150.36 during the quarter and paid quarterly common stock dividend of \$0.75 per share
- Capital returned to shareholders YTD of \$378 million, including \$280 million in common stock repurchases YTD at an average price of \$141.04 per share
- We announced the following capital actions:
 - an increase in our quarterly common stock dividend of 20% from \$0.75 to \$0.90, effective in Q4 2026, subject to Board approval
 - a new common stock repurchase authorization of up to \$1 billion

Q2 2026 Business Highlights

BPPR

(\$ in millions)	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Change	Q2 2025
Net Income	\$ 233	\$ 204	\$ 29	\$ 185
Net Interest Margin	3.85%	3.85%	-	3.68%
Loans Held-in-Portfolio	27,976	27,676	300	26,774
P.R. Public Deposits	22,705	19,669	3,036	20,918
Total Deposits	58,670	55,887	2,783	55,882
Total Deposit Costs	1.32%	1.31%	1 bps	1.52%
Borrowings	57	57	-	67

Highlights:

- Loans held-in-portfolio increased \$300 million:
 - commercial and construction loans increased \$176 million
 - mortgage loans increased \$93 million
 - personal loans increased \$45 million
 - credit cards increased \$24 million
 - auto loans and leases decreased \$35 million
- NIM unchanged at 3.85%:
 - investment securities yields increased 11 bps to 2.79%
 - loan yields increased 1 bp to 7.71%
 - total deposit costs increased 1 bp to 1.32%
 - P.R. public deposit costs decreased 5 bps to 2.61%
 - excluding P.R. public deposits, total deposit costs increased 2 bps

Popular U.S.

(\$ in millions)	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Change	Q2 2025
Net Income	\$ 37	\$ 37	-	\$ 23
Net Interest Margin	3.17%	3.15%	2 bps	2.93%
Loans Held-in-Portfolio	11,773	11,613	160	11,380
Total Deposits	11,931	12,231	(300)	11,946
Total Deposit Costs	2.73%	2.69%	4 bps	2.95%
Borrowings	810	467	343	754

Highlights:

- Loans held-in-portfolio increased \$160 million:
 - commercial and construction loans increased \$184 million
 - mortgage loans decreased \$26 million; mortgage loan originations in Popular U.S. were discontinued at the end of Q3 2025
- NIM increased 2 bps to 3.17%:
 - loan yields increased 2 bps to 6.10%
 - total deposit costs increased 4 bps to 2.73%
- Borrowings increased \$343 million due to higher short-term FHLB advances

Financial Summary

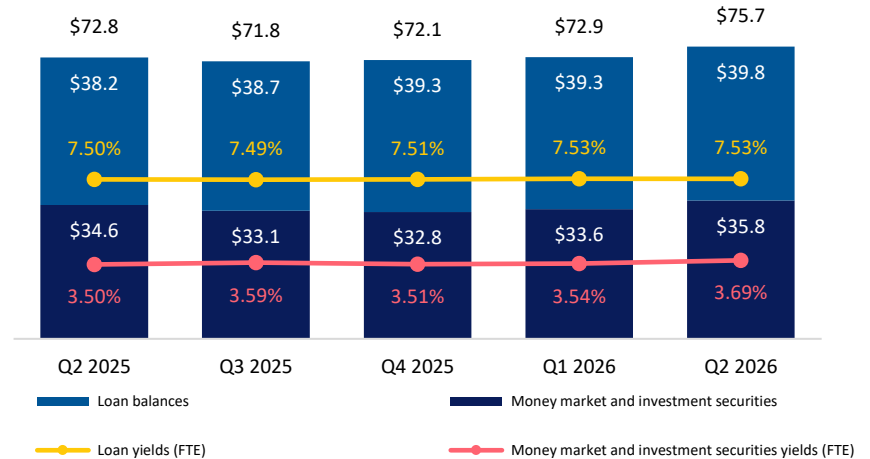
Quarterly Results (unaudited)			
(\$ in thousands, except EPS)	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance
Net interest income	\$ 693,419	\$ 670,180	\$ 23,239
Provision for credit losses	65,873	75,886	(10,013)
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	\$ 627,546	\$ 594,294	\$ 33,252
Banking fees	117,494	111,636	5,858
Asset management and insurance fees	30,335	30,051	284
Mortgage banking activities	6,267	4,213	2,054
Other operating income	26,449	19,726	6,723
Total non-interest income	\$ 180,545	\$ 165,626	\$ 14,919
Total personnel costs	229,031	216,069	12,962
Technology and software expenses	90,971	89,139	1,832
Professional fees	24,484	25,553	(1,069)
Business promotions	27,900	22,860	5,040
Transactional services	37,266	39,087	(1,821)
Net occupancy	27,764	27,299	465
Other operating expenses	46,714	47,303	(589)
Total operating expenses	\$ 484,130	\$ 467,310	\$ 16,820
Income before income tax	323,961	292,610	31,351
Income tax expense	45,747	46,936	(1,189)
Net income	\$ 278,214	\$ 245,674	\$ 32,540
EPS	\$ 4.35	\$ 3.78	\$ 0.57
ROTCE	17.02%	15.46%	156 bps

Net Interest Income and NIM Dynamics

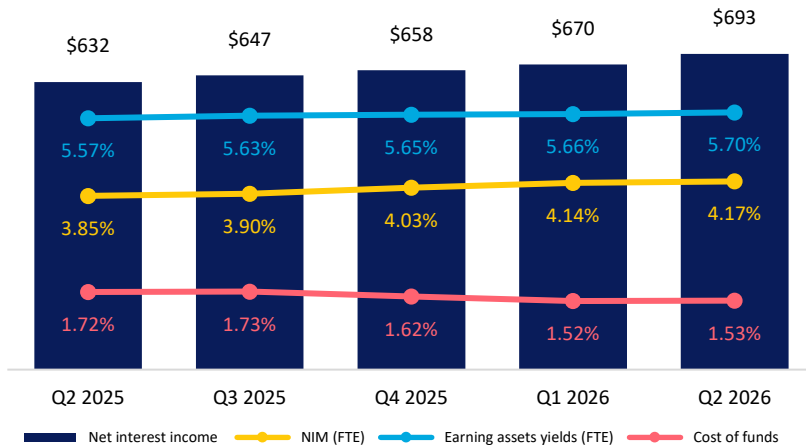
Quarter Highlights:

- Net interest income increased \$23 million to \$693 million
- Net interest margin unchanged at 3.66%
- Net interest margin (FTE) expanded 3 bps to 4.17%
 - Money market and investment securities yields (FTE) increased 15 bps to 3.69%
- Money market and investment securities increased \$2.2 billion to \$35.8 billion, representing 47% of earning assets
- Total deposits increased \$2.6 billion. Average total deposits increased \$1.9 billion. Excluding P.R. public deposits, average customer deposits increased \$807 million

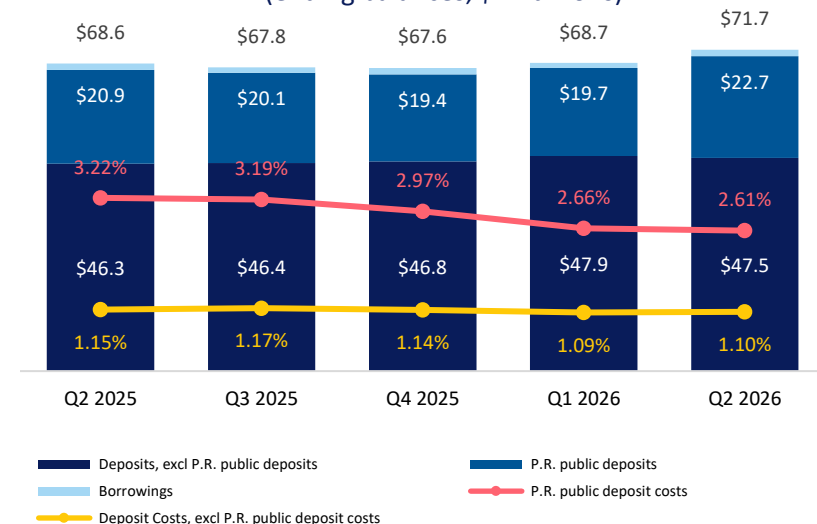
Earning Assets (ending balances, \$ in billions)



Net Interest Income and NIM (\$ in millions)



Sources of Funds (ending balances, \$ in billions)



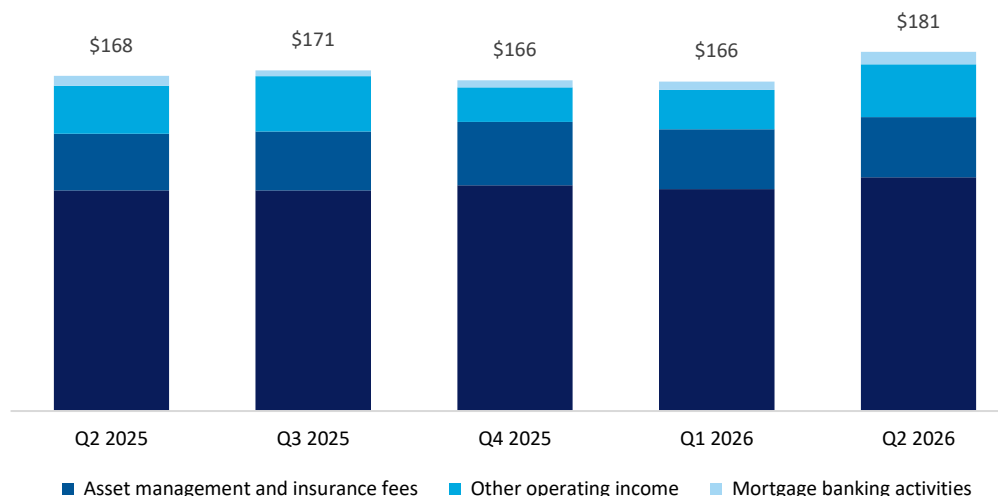
Non-Interest Income

Quarter Highlights:

- Non-interest income increased \$15 million to \$181 million
- Non-interest income increased 7% YoY
 - Debit card fees increased \$2 million or 5% when compared to Q1 driven by higher number of transactions
 - Credit card fees increased \$3 million or 9% driven by higher purchase volumes
 - Other operating income increased \$7 million or 34% when compared to Q1 driven by higher income on equity method investments

(\$ in millions)					Change vs.	
	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2025	Q1 2026	Q2 2025
Service charges on deposits	\$ 39.0	\$ 38.8	\$ 0.3	\$ 38.8	1%	1%
Debit card fees	31.5	30.0	1.5	27.9	5%	13%
Credit card fees	34.8	32.0	2.8	32.5	9%	7%
Other fees	12.1	10.9	1.3	11.7	12%	4%
Banking fees	\$ 117.5	\$ 111.6	\$ 5.9	\$ 111.0	5%	6%
Insurance fees	12.6	12.5	0.1	12.7	-	(1%)
Brokerage and asset management fees	10.0	10.2	(0.2)	9.1	(2%)	10%
Trust fees	7.8	7.3	0.4	6.6	6%	17%
Asset management and insurance fees	\$ 30.3	\$ 30.1	\$ 0.3	\$ 28.4	1%	7%
Mortgage banking activities	6.3	4.2	2.1	4.9	49%	29%
Other operating income	26.4	19.7	6.7	24.2	34%	9%
Non-interest income	\$ 180.5	\$ 165.6	\$ 14.9	\$ 168.5	9%	7%

Non-Interest Income (\$ in millions)



Differences due to rounding

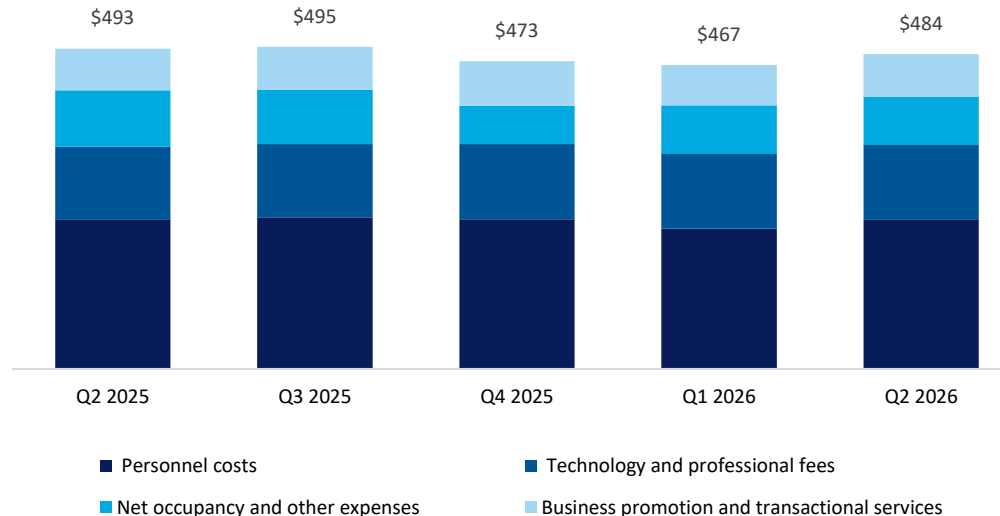
Operating Expenses

Quarter Highlights:

- Operating expenses increased \$17 million to \$484 million:
 - Personnel costs increased \$13 million driven by a \$10 million accrual related to our profit-sharing plan and an increase of \$5 million driven by performance-based incentives
 - Business promotion expense increased \$5 million, driven by higher credit card loyalty programs and the benefit of the expiration of unclaimed rewards points in Q1

(\$ in millions)					Change vs.	
	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2025	Q1 2026	Q2 2025
Salaries	\$ 134.4	\$ 134.8	\$ (0.4)	\$ 132.8	-	1%
Commissions and incentives	39.9	34.9	5.0	40.6	14%	(2%)
Profit Sharing	10.0	(1.2)	11.2	13.0	NM ¹	(23%)
Pension, postretirement and other	44.7	47.6	(2.9)	43.1	(6%)	4%
Total personnel costs	\$ 229.0	\$ 216.1	\$ 13.0	\$ 229.4	6%	-
Technology and software	91.0	89.1	1.8	84.7	2%	7%
Professional fees	24.5	25.6	(1.1)	28.1	(4%)	(13%)
Business promotion	27.9	22.9	5.0	26.4	22%	6%
Transactional services	37.3	39.1	(1.8)	37.9	(5%)	(2%)
Net occupancy	27.8	27.3	0.5	29.1	2%	(5%)
Other operating expenses	46.7	47.3	(0.6)	57.2	(1%)	(18%)
Operating expenses	\$ 484.1	\$ 467.3	\$ 16.8	\$ 492.7	4%	(2%)

Operating Expenses (\$ in millions)

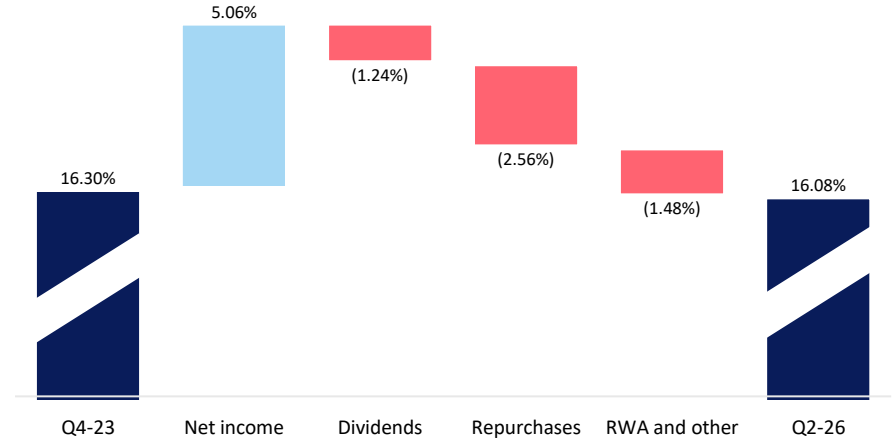


Capital

Quarter Highlights:

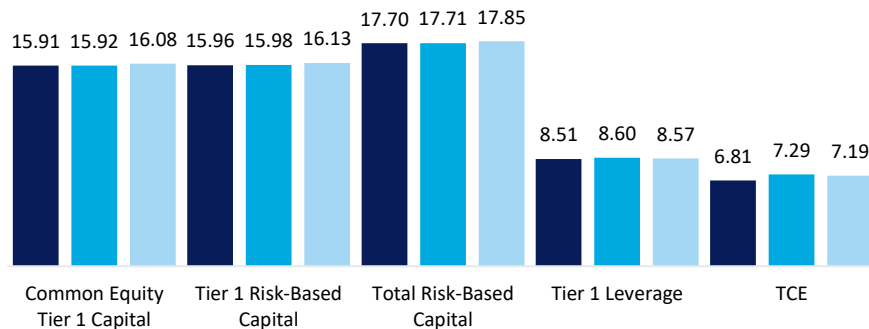
- Repurchased \$125 million in common stock at an average price of \$150.36 in the quarter and paid quarterly common stock dividend of \$0.75 per share
- Since resuming common stock repurchases in 2024, we have repurchased \$1 billion in common stock, including \$280 million in common stock repurchases YTD at an average price of \$141.04 per share
- We announced the following capital actions:
 - an increase in the Corporation's quarterly common stock dividend of 20% from \$0.75 to \$0.90 per share, commencing with the dividend payable in the fourth quarter of 2026, subject to the approval of the Corporation's Board of Directors; and
 - a new common stock repurchase authorization of up to \$1 billion

Common Equity Tier 1



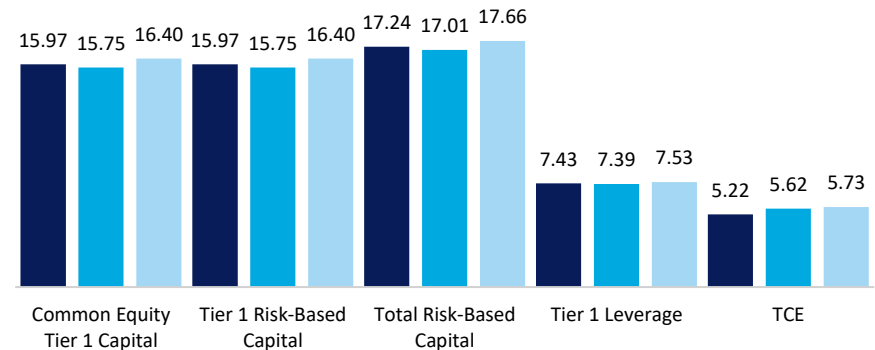
Popular, Inc. (numbers in percentage)

■ Q2 2025 ■ Q1 2026 ■ Q2 2026



BPPR (numbers in percentage)

■ Q2 2025 ■ Q1 2026 ■ Q2 2026

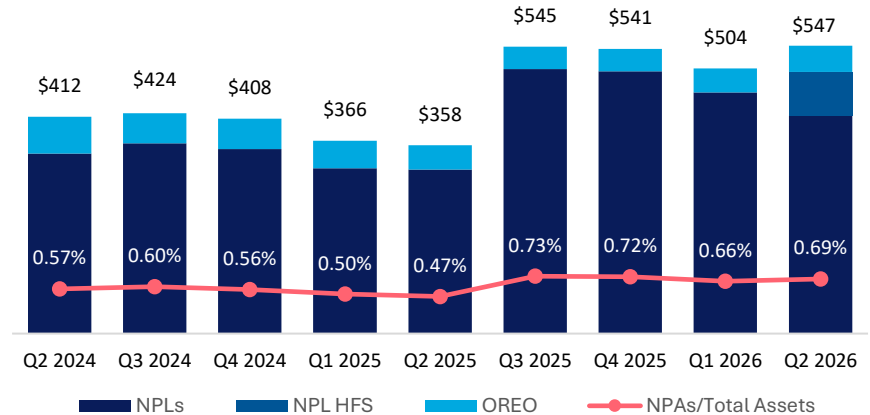


Non-Performing Assets

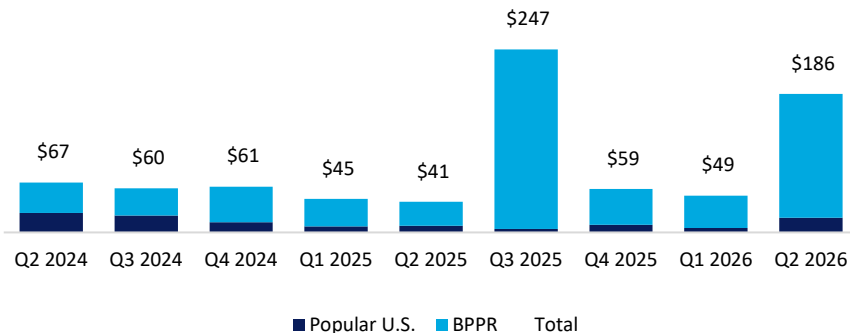
Quarter Highlights:

- NPLs and NPAs in BPPR during the quarter were impacted by the resolution of a \$155 million commercial non-performing relationship:
 - resulted in a \$71 million charge-off; and
 - the transfer of the remaining \$84 million to LHFS. The loan was subsequently sold on July 2, 2026
- Commercial NPL inflows in BPPR increased due to two loans totaling \$129 million, each with borrower-specific issues that are not indicative of broader credit deterioration

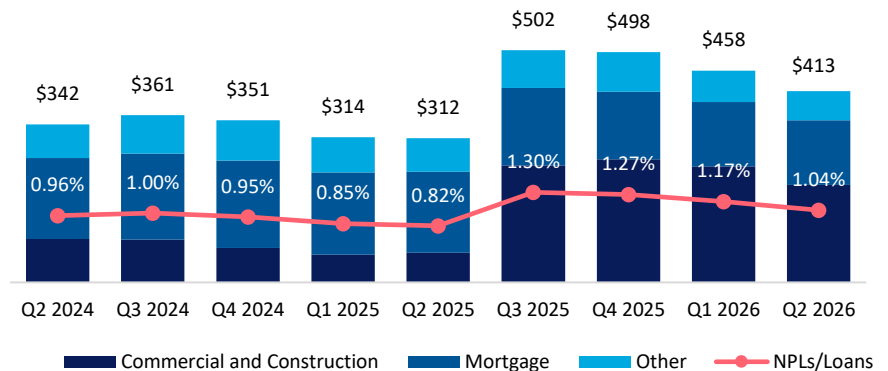
Non-Performing Assets (\$ in millions)



NPL Inflows (\$ in millions)



Non-Performing Loans (\$ in millions)

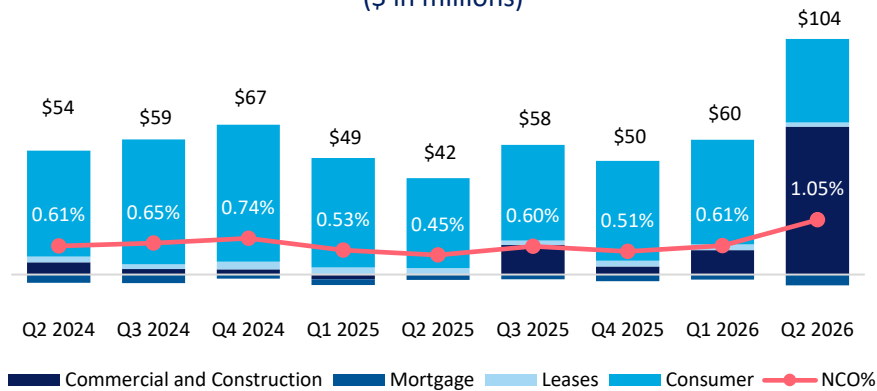


NCOs and Allowance for Credit Losses

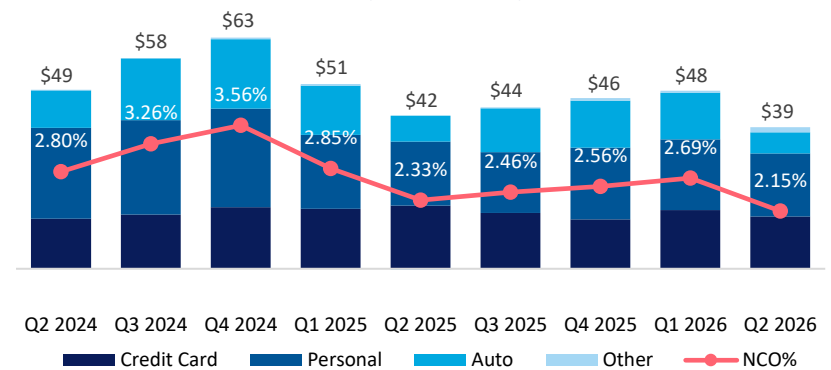
Quarter Highlights:

- NCOs increased \$44 million, driven by a \$71 million charge-off associated with the sale of a \$155 million non-performing loan, partially offset by lower consumer NCOs, mainly related to the auto portfolio. NCO Ratio increased 44 bps to 1.05%; excluding the \$71 million charge-off, NCO Ratio of 0.33%
- ACL decreased \$39 million to \$785 million, mainly driven by lower reserves for commercial loans and consumer loans. ACL-to-Loans Ratio at 1.97% vs. 2.10% in Q1

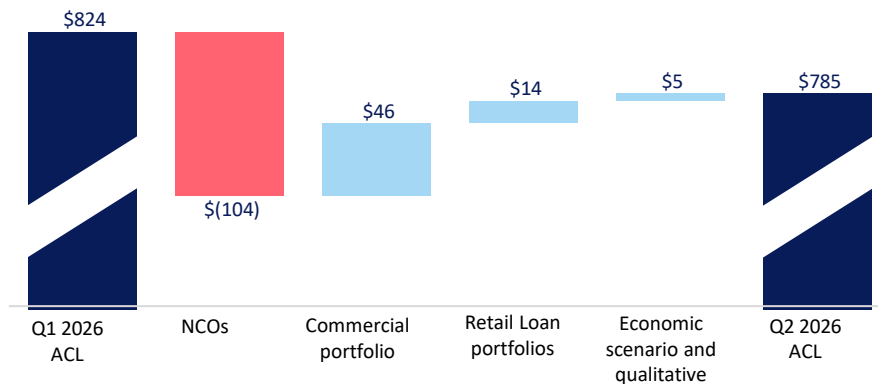
NCOs and NCO-to-Loans Ratio
(\$ in millions)



Consumer NCOs by Loan Portfolio
(\$ in millions)



ACL Movement
(\$ in millions)



Allowance for Credit Losses
(\$ in millions)

Portfolios	Reserve		Reserve		Balance	ACL/Loan
	Balance	Build	Balance	Build		
	Q2 2025	(Release)	Q1 2026	(Release)	Q2 2026	Q2 2026
Commercial	\$ 277	\$ 71	\$ 348	\$ (21)	\$ 327	1.50%
Mortgage	85	(2)	84	(4)	80	0.91%
Leases	20	(1)	19	(1)	18	0.90%
Consumer:	387	(14)	374	(13)	361	5.00%
Credit Cards	92	(3)	89	(5)	85	6.85%
Personal Loans	105	1	106	(2)	104	5.10%
Auto	182	(12)	171	(6)	165	4.36%
Other	8	(0)	8	(0)	7	4.39%
Total ACL	\$ 769	\$ 54	\$ 824	\$ (39)	\$ 785	1.97%

Driving Value

Franchise

Market leader in Puerto Rico

- Extensive customer base with 2.1 million customers
- Solid deposit franchise and a well diversified loan portfolio
- Distinct multichannel experience with top digital solutions and an unmatched branch network
- Diversified business model, strong capital and ample liquidity to support our clients

Mainland U.S. banking operation provides geographic diversification

- Commercial led strategy directed at small and medium sized businesses
- National banking segments focused on homeowners' associations and healthcare
- Other key niche segments include non-profit organizations and construction in the NY Metro
- Branch footprint in South Florida and New York Metro

Our Strategy

- Continued to advance our three strategic objectives. A growing number of initiatives are gaining traction simultaneously, and the pace of execution is accelerating. Recent examples include:
 - Enhancing physical and digital channels to deliver a seamless customer experience through the ongoing modernization of our branch network, and investments in technology, digital capabilities, and self-service solutions
 - Strengthening retail customer engagement through innovative digital solutions such as personalized credit management tools and an integrated marketplace within our digital banking platform that connects our retail and business customers
 - Expanding commercial capabilities and broadening reach, including a modernized cash management platform, enhanced corporate credit card solutions and targeted programs for key professional sectors

Capital Actions

- Repurchased \$125 million in common stock at an average price of \$150.36 in the quarter and paid quarterly common stock dividend of \$0.75 per share
- Capital returned to shareholders YTD of \$378 million, including \$280 million in common stock repurchases YTD at an average price of \$141.04 per share
- We announced an increase in our quarterly common stock dividend of 20% from \$0.75 to \$0.90 effective in Q4 2026, subject to the Board approval, and a new common stock repurchase authorization of up to \$1 billion

Corporate Sustainability

- Our sustainability strategy is guided by three pillars: Provide Opportunity, Protect the Environment, and Promote Trust. More details on our strategy are included in our 2025 Corporate Sustainability Report published this June
- We continue creating social and economic value in our communities through targeted investments and partnerships.
 - In 2025, we deployed over \$1.1 billion to support small businesses and entrepreneurs and launched Mi Crédito to strengthen customers' financial well-being

Guidance

	2026 Guidance		
	Original FY 2026 Guidance	Updated Guidance	Commentary
Net Interest Income	5%-7% increase for the year	8%-9% increase for the year	Driven by higher volume of P.R. deposits
Non-Interest Income	\$160 million - \$165 million per quarter	\$165 million - \$170 million per quarter	Driven by increase in credit and debit card activity
NCOs	55 bps-70 bps annualized	65 bps-80 bps annualized	Due to YTD commercial charge-offs and NPL inflows
Operating Expenses	3% increase for the year	2%-3% increase for the year	Guidance includes profit sharing expense
Effective Tax Rate	15%-17% for the year	14%-15% for the year	Driven by higher exempt income
Loan Growth	3%-4% for the year	Low-end of the guidance range	Driven by consumer loan activity in P.R. and C&I loan sold in Q3 2026

Footnotes

Slide 4:

1- Fully taxable equivalent (“FTE”) net interest margin (“NIM”) represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See the Corporation's earnings press release, Form 10-Q and Form 10-K filed, or to be filed, with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the applicable periods' GAAP to non-GAAP reconciliation

2- Return on average tangible common equity (“ROTCE”) represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Unless otherwise indicated, references to “ROTCE” in this presentation mean return on tangible common equity as adjusted to add back unrealized (gains) losses on AFS securities, including those transferred to HTM. See Table R in the Corporation's Q2 2026 earnings press release for the reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial measures to be filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

3- Capital returned to shareholders includes common stock repurchases and dividends paid on preferred and common stock

Slide 9:

1- NM = Not meaningful. Percentage change is omitted when the prior-period base is negative or immaterial.

Investor Presentation

Second Quarter 2026

Appendix



Corporate Structure

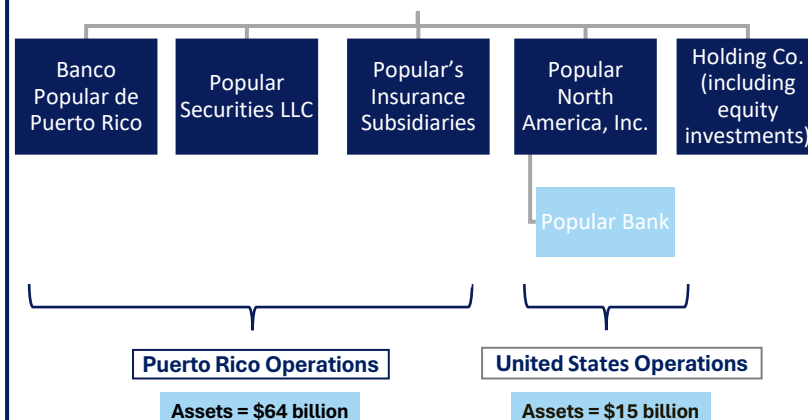
Franchise

Industry	Financial Services
Headquarters	San Juan, Puerto Rico
Assets	\$79 billion (among top 50 BHCs in the U.S.)
Loans	\$40 billion
Deposits	\$70 billion
Banking branches	151 in Puerto Rico, 36 in the U.S. (24 in New York and New Jersey and 12 in Florida) and 9 in the U.S. and British Virgin Islands
NASDAQ ticker symbol	BPOP
Market Cap (as of June 30, 2026)	\$10.5 billion

Summary Corporate Structure



Assets = \$79 billion



Selected equity investments:

Banco BHD León under Corporate segment



- Dominican Republic bank
- 15.63% stake
- 2025 net income of \$306 million

Q2 2026 vs. Q1 2026 Business Segments

Financial Results				BPPR			Popular U.S.		
(Unaudited) (\$ in millions)	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance
Net interest income	\$ 590	\$ 568	\$ 22	\$ 113	\$ 112	\$ 1	\$ 113	\$ 112	\$ 1
Provision for credit losses	63	74	(11)	3	3	-	3	3	-
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	527	494	33	110	109	1	110	109	1
Non-interest income	156	145	11	7	8	(1)	7	8	(1)
Operating expenses	\$ 418	\$ 402	\$ 16	\$ 67	\$ 65	\$ 2	\$ 67	\$ 65	\$ 2
Income before income tax	265	237	28	50	52	(2)	50	52	(2)
Income tax expense	32	33	(1)	14	15	(1)	14	15	(1)
Net income	\$ 233	\$ 204	\$ 29	\$ 36	\$ 37	\$ (1)	\$ 36	\$ 37	\$ (1)

Balance Sheet Highlights				BPPR			Popular U.S.		
(Unaudited) (\$ in millions)	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance
Total assets	\$ 63,517	\$ 60,786	\$ 2,731	\$ 15,033	\$ 14,953	\$ 80	\$ 15,033	\$ 14,953	\$ 80
Total loans held-in-portfolio (HIP)	27,976	27,676	300	11,773	11,613	160	11,773	11,613	160
Total deposits	58,670	55,887	2,783	11,931	12,231	(300)	11,931	12,231	(300)

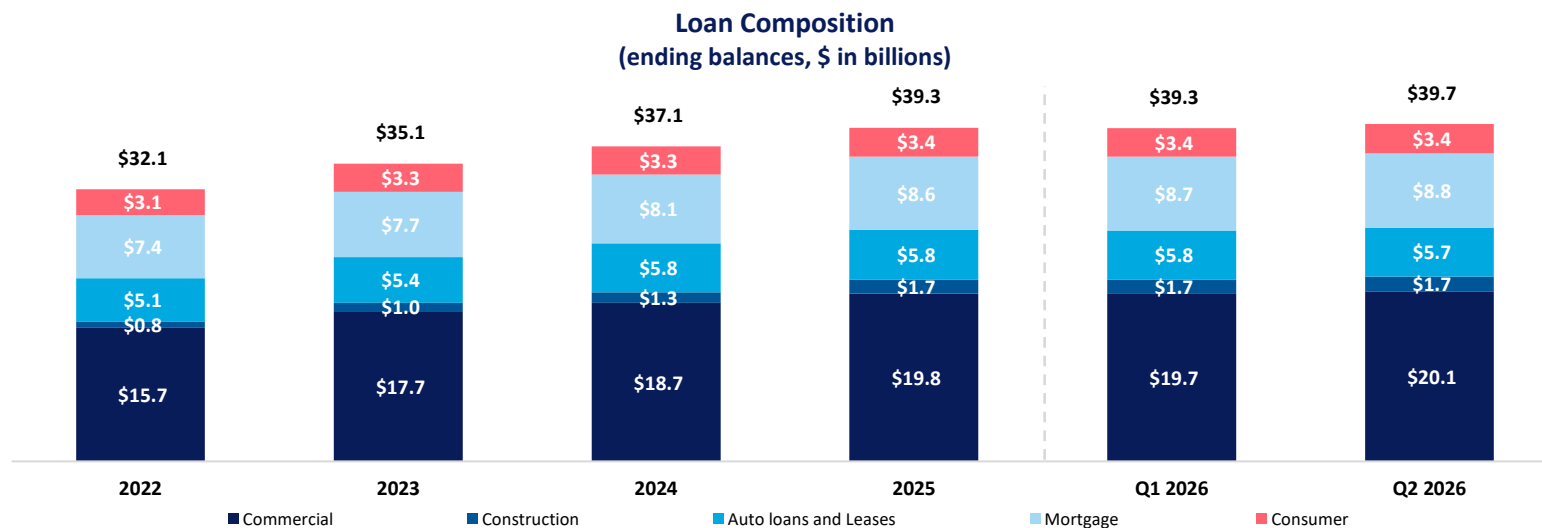
Asset Quality				BPPR			Popular U.S.		
	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance
Non-performing loans HIP / Total loans HIP	1.32%	1.52%	-20 bps	0.39%	0.33%	6 bps	0.39%	0.33%	6 bps
Non-performing assets / Total assets	0.66%	0.77%	-11 bps	0.31%	0.26%	5 bps	0.31%	0.26%	5 bps
Allowance for credit losses / Total loans HIP	2.47%	2.65%	-18 bps	0.79%	0.79%	-	0.79%	0.79%	-

Loan Composition and Yields

Highlights:

- Loans held-in-portfolio increased by \$460 million driven by growth across most portfolios in BPPR and commercial loans in PB
- Average loan yields (FTE) unchanged at 7.53%

(ending balances, \$ in millions)	Loans Held-in-Portfolio			Average	
	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Variance	Q2 2026	Yields (FTE)
Commercial	\$ 20,051	\$ 19,749	\$ 302	\$ 19,932	6.73%
Construction	1,732	1,674	58	1,764	7.90%
Mortgage	8,780	8,712	68	8,732	6.15%
Auto loans and leases	5,744	5,779	(35)	5,837	8.69%
Consumer	3,442	3,376	67	3,310	13.74%
Total Loans	\$ 39,750	\$ 39,290	\$ 460	\$ 39,575	7.53%



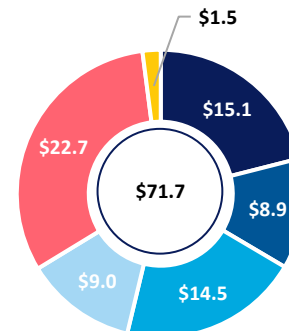
Funding Profile and Deposit Composition

Highlights:

- Deposits at \$70.2 billion in Q2, with P.R. public deposits at \$22.7 billion, representing 32% of total deposits
- Total deposit costs, excluding P.R. public deposits, demonstrate the stability of core deposits, low cost and low betas
- Total cost of deposits increased 1 bps to 1.57% in Q2
- Borrowings at \$1.5 billion, composed of long-term notes and short term FHLB advances in PB
- Deposits represent 98% of funding sources

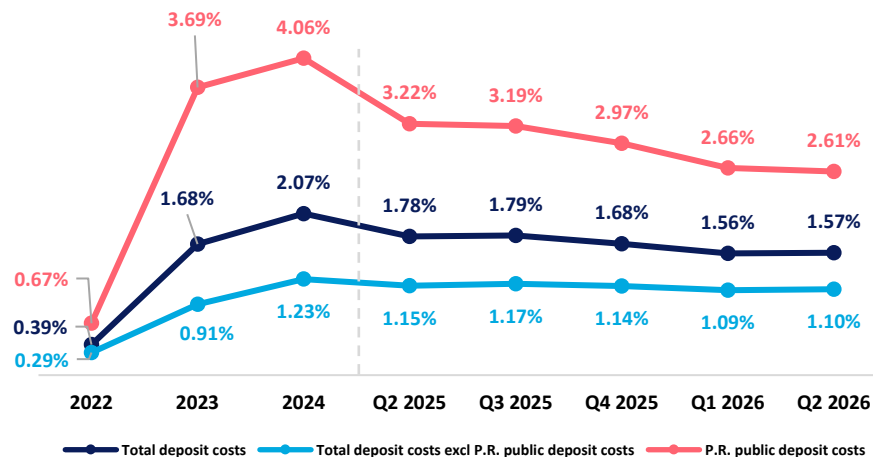
Funding Sources

(ending balances, \$ in billions)



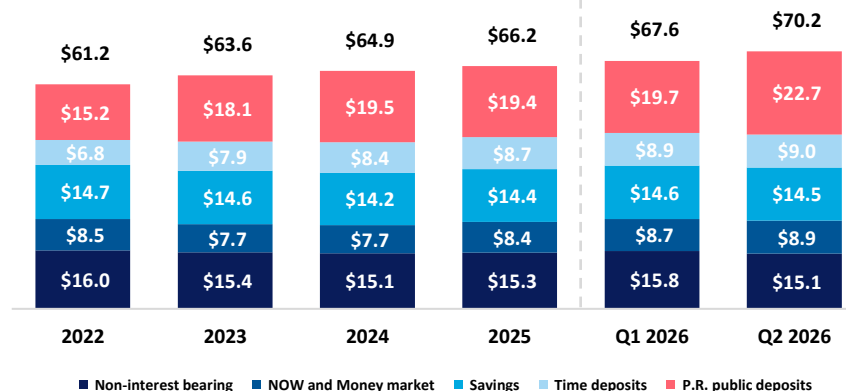
- Non-interest bearing
- NOW & money market
- Savings
- Time deposits
- P.R. public deposits
- Borrowings

Deposit Costs Trends



Deposit Composition

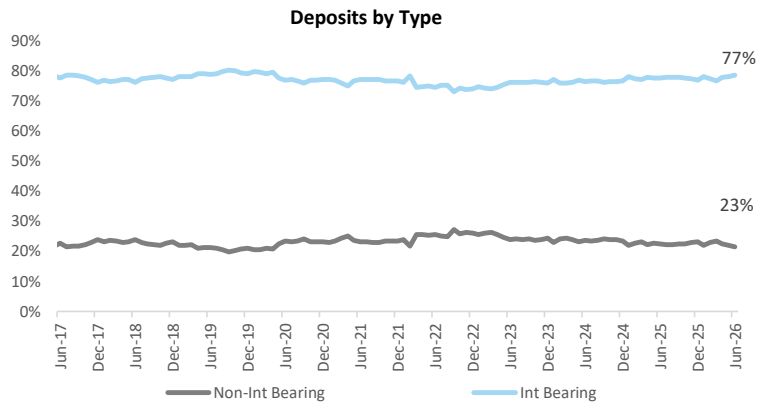
(ending balances, \$ in billions)



- Non-interest bearing
- NOW and Money market
- Savings
- Time deposits
- P.R. public deposits

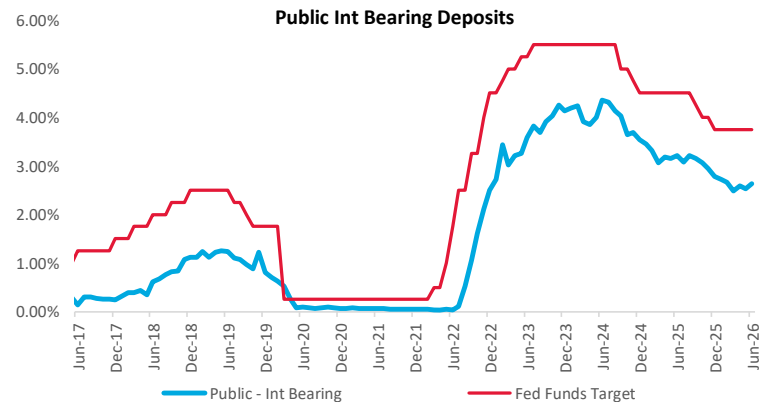
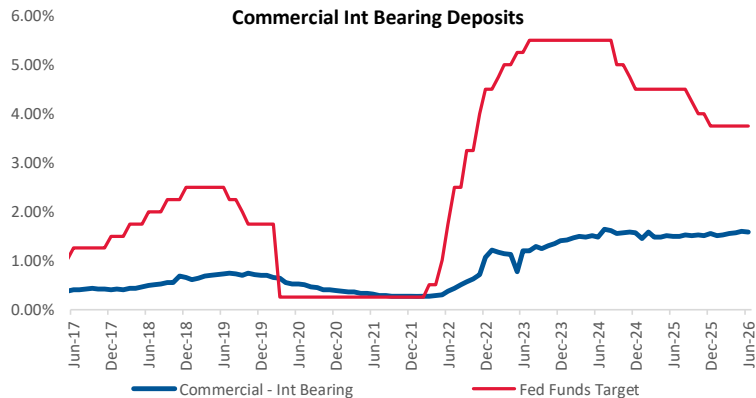
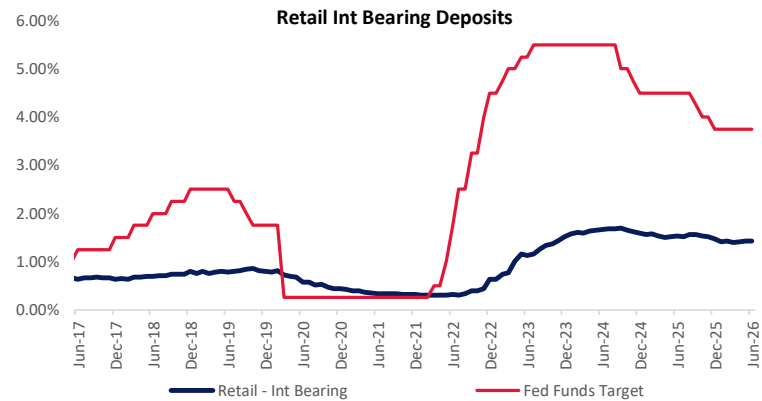
Deposit Beta

- BPPR's retail and commercial accounts are low beta products and will react more slowly to changes in short-term interest rates
- High beta P.R. public deposits represent 32% of the total deposits
 - P.R. public deposits are linked to market rates but respond with a lag to changes in three-month Treasury Bill yields
- Competitive dynamics in our U.S. markets have led to lower declining rate beta during the current cycle



Deposit Mix (by Type)

Deposit Mix	Retail	Commercial	Public	Wholesale
Non Int Bearing	7%	14%	0%	0%
Int Bearing	30%	10%	34%	5%



Investment Portfolio

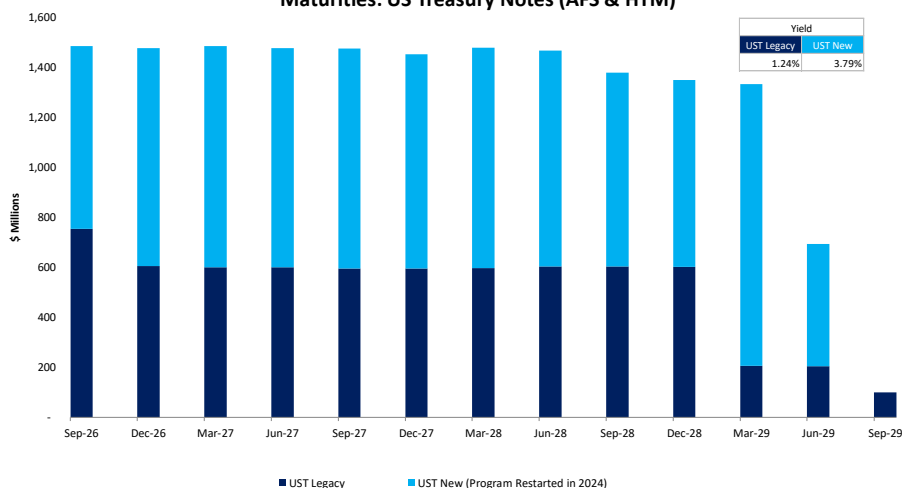
Quarter Highlights:

- Conservative investment portfolio, with the majority invested in short to intermediate U.S. Treasuries, which are tax exempt in Puerto Rico
- Investment portfolio duration 1.6 years; including cash, 1.4 years
- Unrealized loss in the AFS portfolio increased by \$50 million
- Market value of U.S. Treasuries held to maturity stood at \$6.1 billion, in line with the book value
- Invested approximately \$1.1 billion in U.S. Treasury notes with an average duration of 2.8 years and a yield of approximately 3.86%

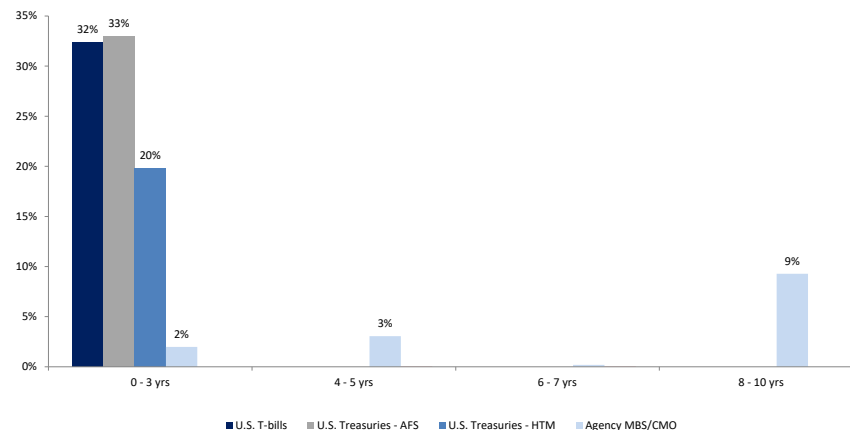
\$ in millions

		Q2 2026						Variance to Q1 2026	
Description		Amortized Cost	% of Portfolio	Book Value	Gain / (Loss)	Yield	Maturity / WAL ¹	Amortized Cost	Gain / (Loss)
Money Markets (Cash at Federal Reserve)		\$4,546	12.8%	\$4,546	\$0	3.7%	-	(\$100)	\$0
AFS	U.S. T-bills	10,042	28.2%	10,042	0	3.5%	0.2	3,045	(0)
	U.S. Treasuries	10,301	28.8%	10,229	(72)	3.7%	1.5	234	(46)
	Agency MBS/CMO	5,410	12.7%	4,522	(889)	1.8%	6.6	(163)	(10)
	Total AFS	25,753	69.7%	24,792	(961)	3.3%	1.9	3,116	(56)
HTM	U.S. Treasuries ²	6,363	17.3%	6,155	(202)	1.2%	1.3	(800)	44
	Other	54	0.2%	54	-	1.4%	15.1	(0)	-
	Total HTM	6,417	17.5%	6,208	(202)	1.2%	1.4	(801)	44
Total Trading		32	0.1%	32	0	4.9%	7.3	1	(0)
Total Portfolio		\$36,747	100.0%	\$35,578	(\$1,162)	3.0%	1.6	\$2,215	(\$12)

Maturities: US Treasury Notes (AFS & HTM)



Maturity Profile



¹ Maturity expressed in years; In the case of mortgage-backed securities and CMO's, it represents the weighted average life of the bonds assuming market consensus prepayment speeds

² The Book value includes \$202 million of unrealized loss in AOCI related to the securities transferred from available-for-sale securities portfolio to the held-to-maturity with an unrealized loss of \$873 million at the time of transfer, which will be amortized (back into capital) throughout their remaining life. For the remainder of 2026 we expect the amortization to be approximately \$74 million, \$97 million for 2027 and the remaining amount in 2028 and 2029. Differences due to rounding

Allowance for Credit Losses – Q2 2026

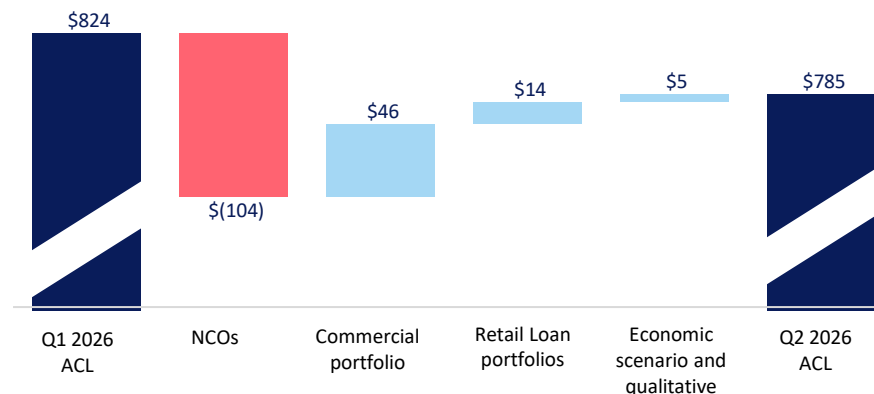
ACL Movement:

- Moody's baseline forecast shows a reduction in 2026 U.S. economic growth influenced by geopolitical conflicts
- NCOs for the quarter were impacted by a \$71 million charge-off for a single commercial relationship
- Commercial portfolio driven by higher reserves for NPLs
- Retail loan portfolio driven by loss history for the unsecured personal loans and credit cards portfolios

Economic Scenarios:

- Baseline scenario assigned the highest probability, followed by the S3 (pessimistic) scenario
- The probability assigned to the S3 (pessimistic) scenario remains at elevated levels due to current uncertainty in the markets
- 2026 annualized GDP growth (baseline):
 - P.R. decreased to 0.70% from 1.02%
 - U.S. decreased to 2.17% from 2.93%
- 2026 forecasted average unemployment rate (baseline):
 - P.R. remains near historically low levels at 5.80%
 - U.S. is lower than previous period at 4.42%

ACL Movement (\$ in millions)



Economic Activity				
Projections				
U.S.	2025	2026	2027	
1Q26 Baseline	2.26%	2.93%	1.79%	
S1 - Stronger Growth		3.60%	2.93%	
S3 - Recession		0.76%	(0.78%)	
2Q26 Baseline	2.11%	2.17%	1.75%	
S1 - Stronger Growth		2.78%	2.75%	
S3 - Recession		0.11%	(0.78%)	
P.R.				
1Q26 Baseline	0.81%	1.02%	0.24%	
S1 - Stronger Growth		1.28%	0.51%	
S3 - Recession		0.12%	(0.47%)	
2Q26 Baseline	0.73%	0.70%	0.26%	
S1 - Stronger Growth		0.94%	0.48%	
S3 - Recession		(0.16%)	(0.46%)	

Unemployment Rates			
Projections			
U.S.	2025	2026	2027
1Q26 Baseline	4.28%	4.50%	4.42%
S1 - Stronger Growth		3.93%	3.53%
S3 - Recession		6.47%	8.29%
2Q26 Baseline	4.28%	4.42%	4.58%
S1 - Stronger Growth		3.85%	3.69%
S3 - Recession		6.36%	8.36%
P.R.			
1Q26 Baseline	5.56%	5.94%	6.01%
S1 - Stronger Growth		5.66%	5.54%
S3 - Recession		6.81%	7.67%
2Q26 Baseline	5.58%	5.80%	6.09%
S1 - Stronger Growth		5.53%	5.63%
S3 - Recession		6.65%	7.71%

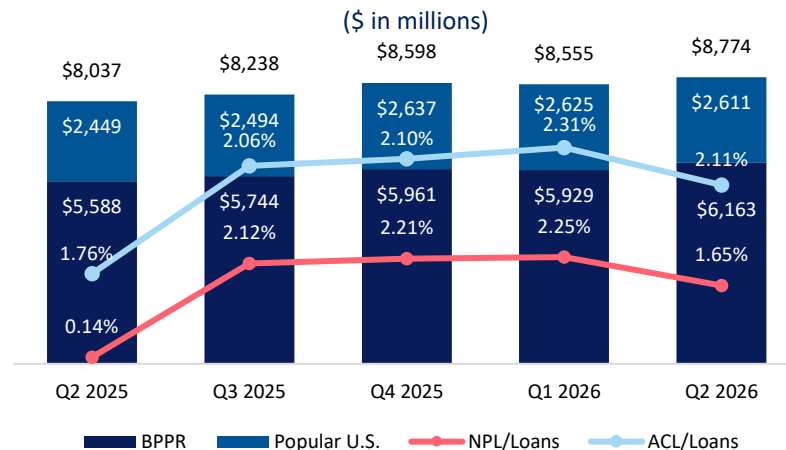
Commercial and Industrial Portfolio

Highlights:

- The Commercial and Industrial (“C&I”) portfolio is mainly concentrated in the following industries: Other services (mostly U.S. community association loans), Public Administration, Retail trade, and Finance and Insurance
- NPLs at \$145 million, a \$48 million decrease due to resolution of a \$155 million relationship which was classified as NPL in Q3 2025. The decrease was partially offset by inflows to NPLs of \$129 million that stemmed from issues specific to the individual borrowers and that are not indicative of a broader decline in portfolio credit quality
- Q2 NCOs impacted by a \$71 million charge-off from the previously mentioned \$155 million relationship. The carrying amount of \$84 million was transferred to LHFS
- Allowance for credit losses (“ACL”) to loans held-in-portfolio at 2.1%

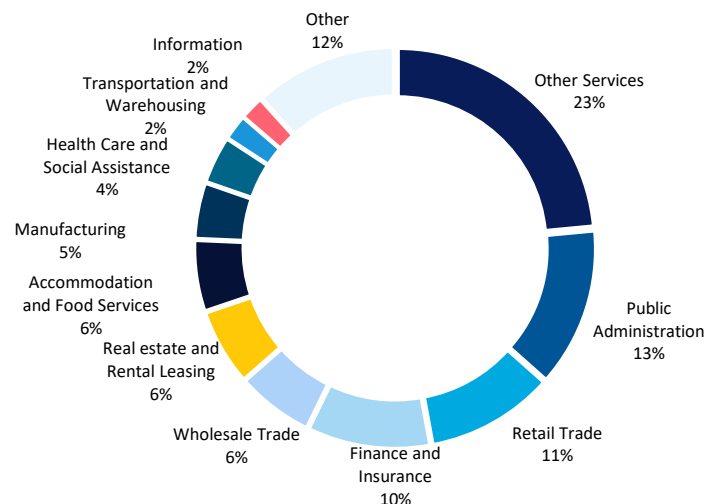
Metric	Credit Metrics				
	Q2 2025	Q3 2025	Q4 2025	Q1 2026	Q2 2026
30-89 DPD/Loans	0.27%	0.26%	0.25%	0.28%	0.15%
NPL/Loans	0.14%	2.12%	2.21%	2.25%	1.65%
NCO Ratio	0.06%	0.07%	0.27%	0.03%	3.39%
ACL/Loans	1.76%	2.06%	2.10%	2.31%	2.11%
ACL/NPL	1237.57%	97.03%	95.02%	102.58%	127.90%
Classified Loans/Loans	4.33%	6.22%	6.25%	6.23%	4.29%

Commercial and Industrial Portfolio



Commercial & Industrial Portfolio

Balance by industry type



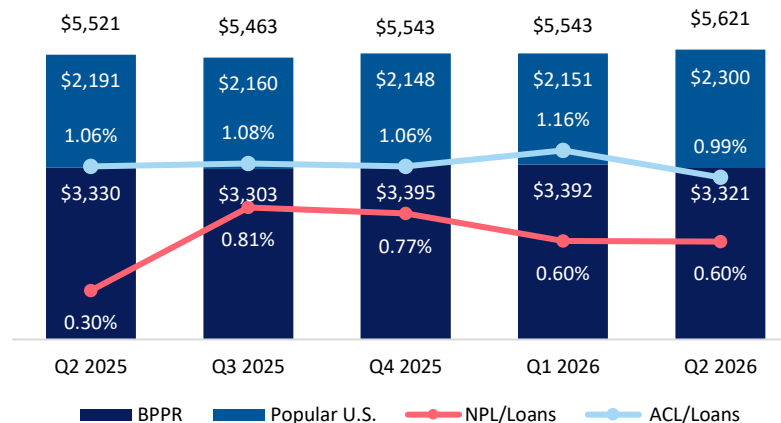
Non-Owner Occupied CRE Portfolio

Highlights:

- Non-Owner Occupied CRE (CRE NOO) exposure mainly in retail, hotels and office space
- Office exposure limited to 1.7% of total loan portfolio and 12% of CRE NOO
 - Office space mainly in mid-rise properties with diversified tenants across both regions
 - Average loan size at approximately \$3 million
- Strong credit risk profile
 - NPLs at 0.59%, stable from Q1 2026
 - Allowance for credit losses to loans held-in-portfolio at 0.99%

Non-Owner Occupied CRE

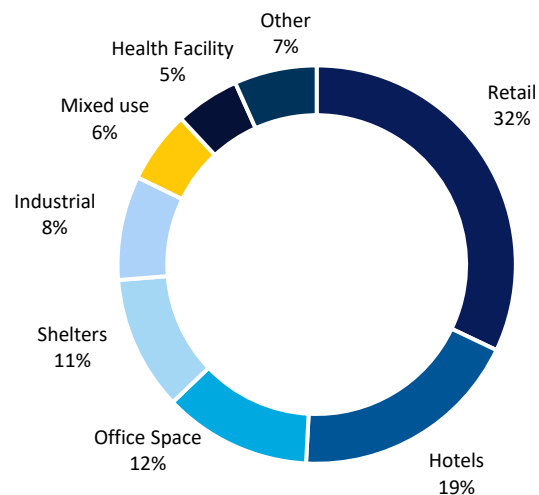
(\$ in millions)



Metric	Credit Metrics				
	Q2 2025	Q3 2025	Q4 2025	Q1 2026	Q2 2026
30-89 DPD/Loans	0.27%	0.26%	0.25%	0.28%	0.14%
NPL/Loans	0.14%	2.12%	2.21%	2.25%	0.59%
NCO Ratio	0.06%	0.07%	0.27%	0.03%	0.00%
ACL/Loans	1.76%	2.06%	2.10%	2.31%	0.99%
ACL/NPL	1237.57%	97.03%	95.02%	102.58%	169.29%
Classified Loans/Loans	4.33%	6.22%	6.25%	6.23%	3.25%

Non-Owner Occupied CRE

Balance by property type



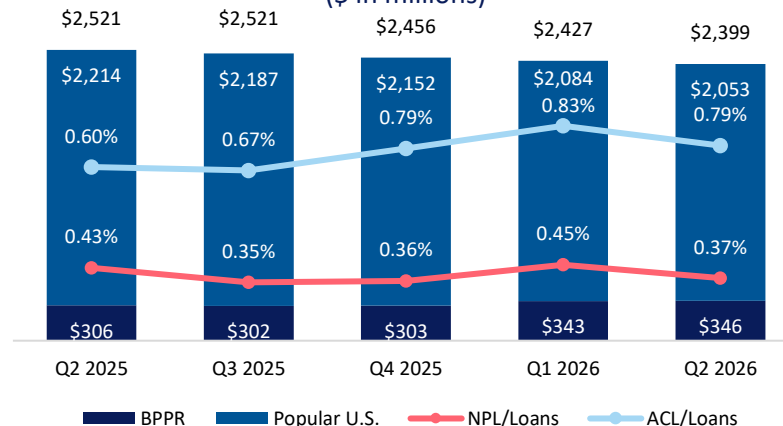
Multifamily Loan Portfolio

Highlights:

- 86% of the portfolio concentrated in Popular U.S.
- Strong credit risk profile with low levels of delinquency, NCOs and classified loans
- New York multi-family loan portfolio:
 - Represents \$1.3 billion or 3.4% of our total loan portfolio
 - Underwritten based on rental income at loan origination
 - No exposure to rent controlled buildings
 - Rent stabilized units represent less than 40% of the total units in the loan portfolio with the majority originated after 2019

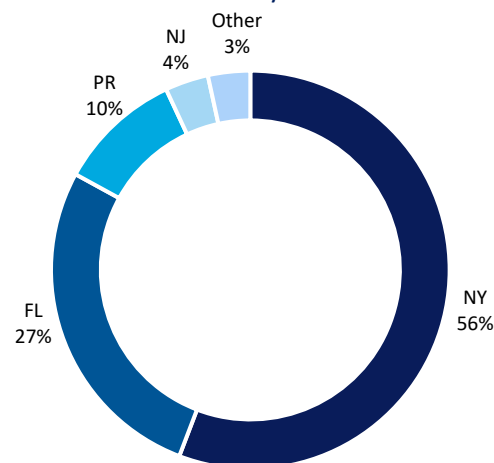
Multifamily Loans

(\$ in millions)



Multifamily Loans

Balance by state



Metric	Credit Metrics				
	Q2 2025	Q3 2025	Q4 2025	Q1 2026	Q2 2026
30-89 DPD/Loans	0.44%	0.16%	0.66%	0.67%	0.51%
NPL/Loans	0.43%	0.35%	0.36%	0.45%	0.37%
NCO Ratio	0.00%	0.00%	-0.01%	0.00%	0.22%
ACL/Loans	0.67%	0.67%	0.79%	0.83%	0.79%
ACL/NPL	153.60%	191.90%	221.13%	183.08%	211.82%
Classified Loans/Loans	1.27%	1.20%	1.09%	1.34%	1.16%

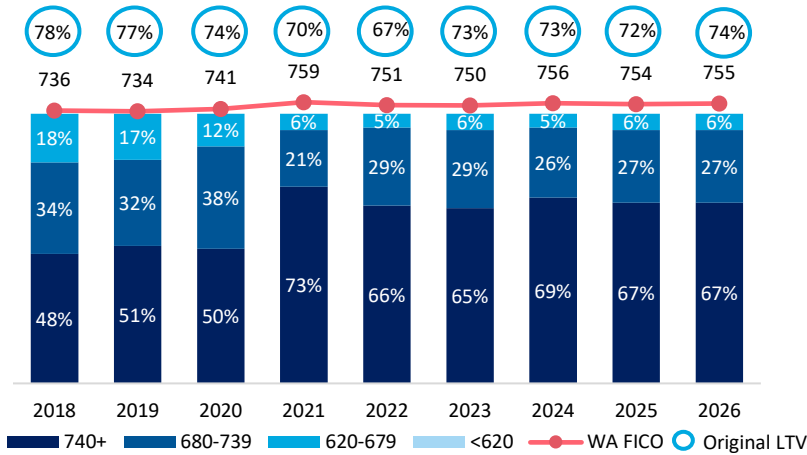
P.R. Mortgage Loan Portfolio

Highlights:

- 45% of the P.R. mortgage loan portfolio is comprised of U.S. government guaranteed loans
- Over the last five years, origination average FICO scores above 750 and LTV approximately 70%
- Delinquency and NCOs levels for the period remained below the historical average benchmark

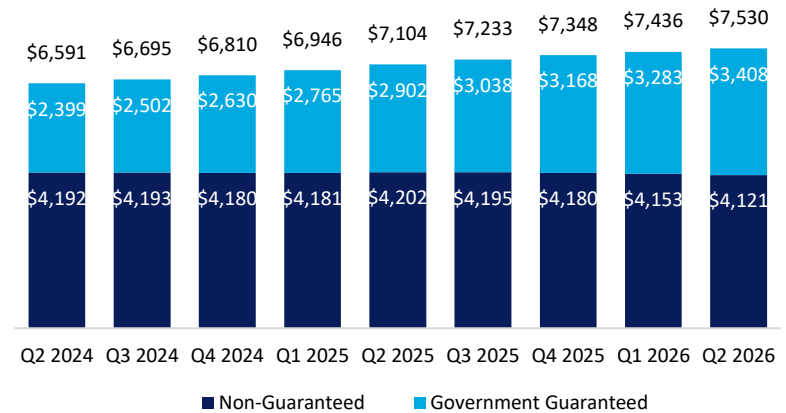
FICO Mix of Originations (Non-Conforming)

(% of approved amount)



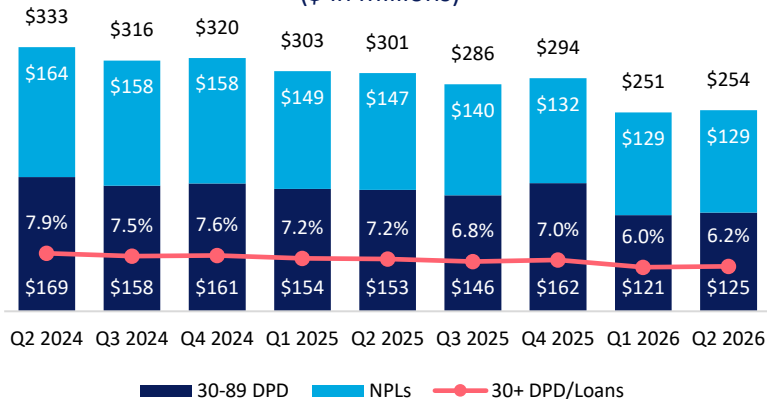
Portfolio: Guaranteed vs. Non-Guaranteed

(\$ in millions)



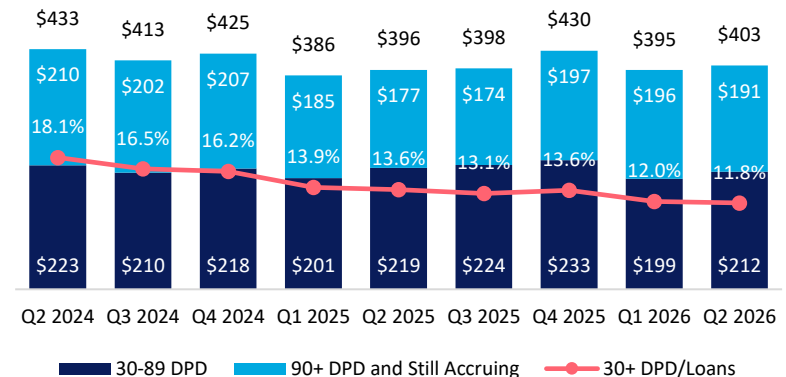
Delinquency Non-Guaranteed Loans

(\$ in millions)



Delinquency Government Guaranteed Loans

(\$ in millions)



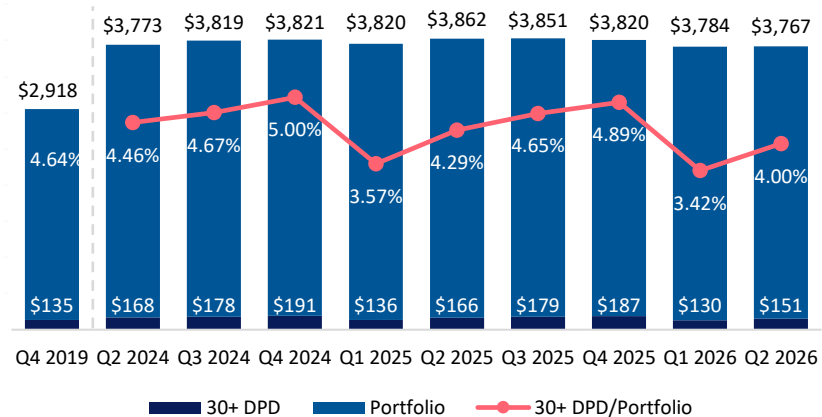
Auto Loan Portfolio

Highlights:

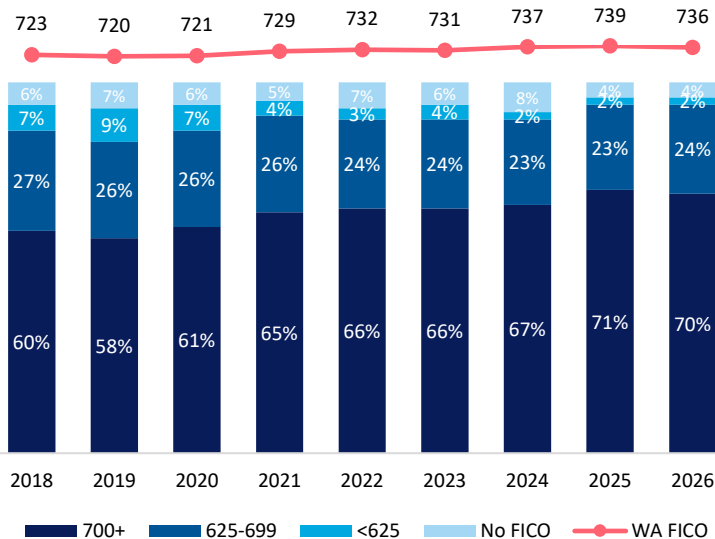
- Auto balances have remained stable, with recent quarter-over-quarter declining trend
- Delinquency and NCO levels for the period remained below the historical average benchmark. NCOs declined to 61 bps, reflecting strong credit performance
- Weighted-average FICO scores of approximately 736
- Q2 originations were approximately a 67%/33% split between new/used auto loans

Delinquency (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	06/30/2026
6.17%	4.00%

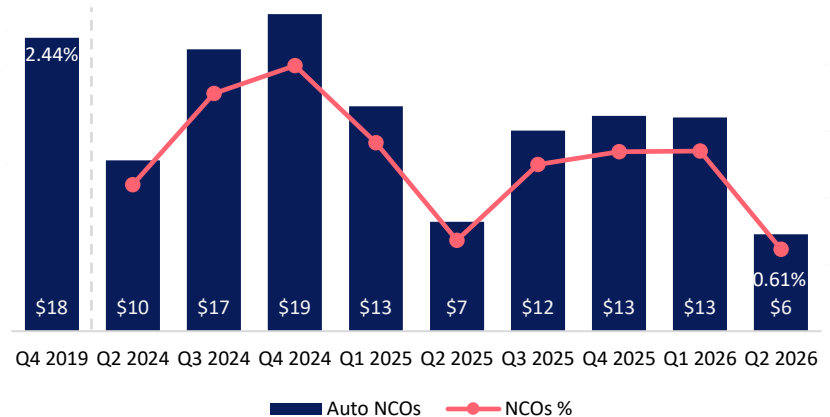


FICO Mix of Originations (% of approved amount)



NCOs and NCO-to-Loan Ratio (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	YTD
1.88%	0.98%



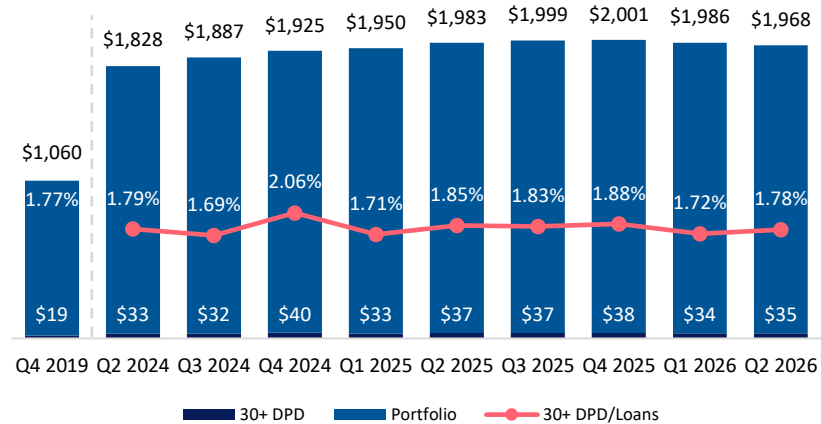
Auto Lease Portfolio

Highlights:

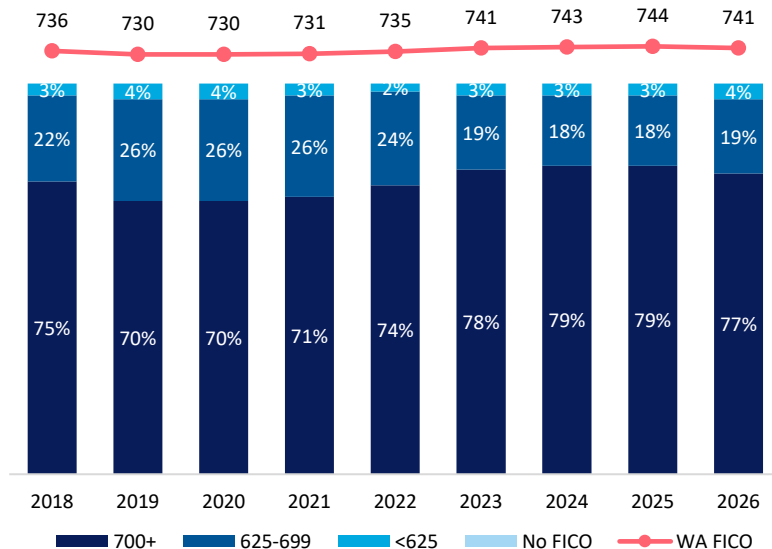
- Auto lease balances have grown steadily, but have declined in the most recent quarter
- Delinquency and NCO levels for the period below the historical average benchmark
- Weighted-average FICO scores of approximately 741

Delinquency (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	06/30/2026
2.06%	1.78%

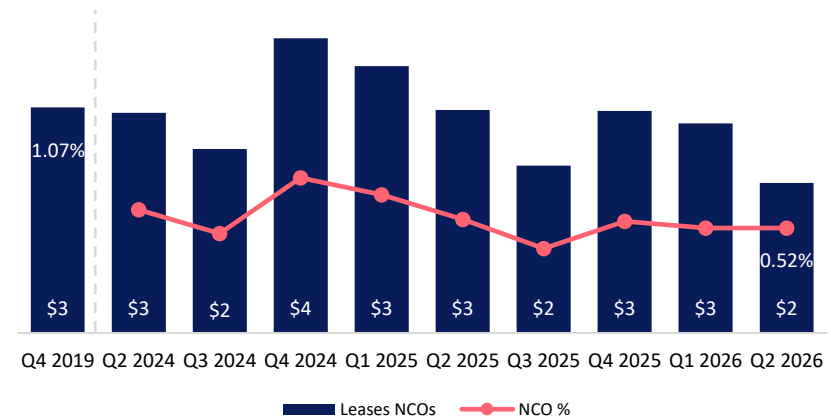


FICO Mix of Originations (% of approved amount)



NCOs and NCO-to-Loan Ratio (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	YTD
0.65%	0.44%



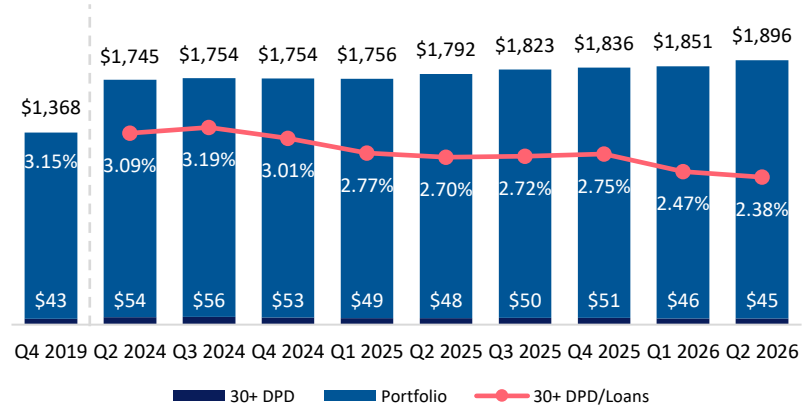
P.R. Personal Loan Portfolio

Highlights:

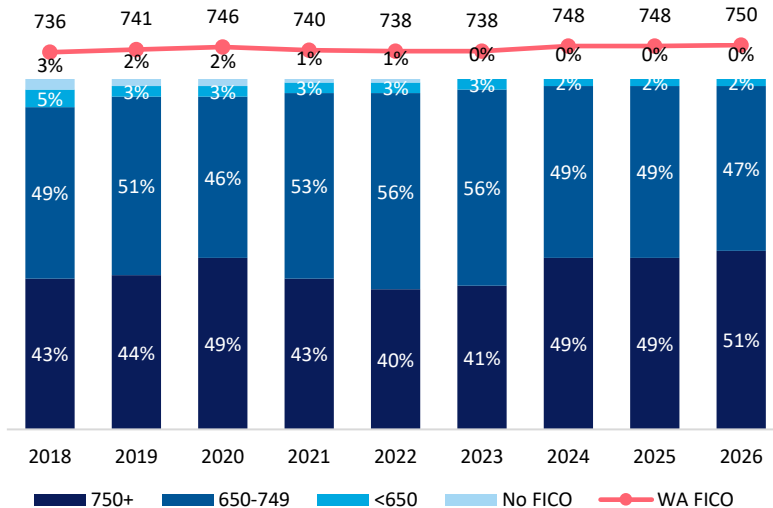
- Portfolio balances stable but growing at a slower pace since 2024 due to credit tightening measures
- Delinquency below the historical average benchmark
- NCO levels for the period above the historical average benchmark, with significant improvements in most recent vintages
- Weighted-average FICO scores of approximately 750 in recent vintages

Delinquency (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	06/30/2026
3.61%	2.38%

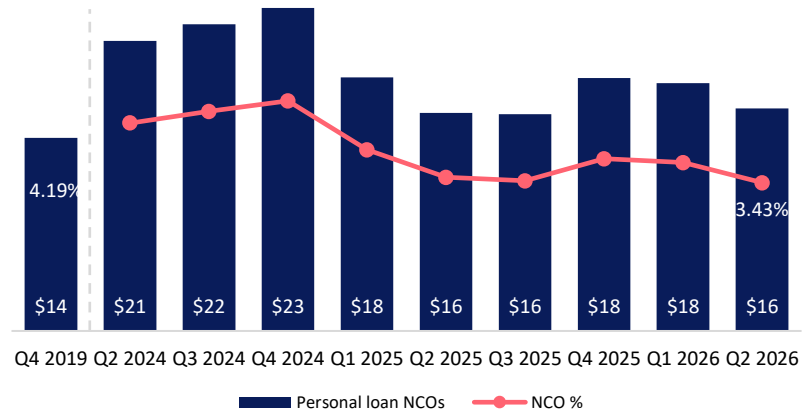


FICO Mix of Originations (% of approved amount)



NCOs and NCO- to Loan Ratio (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	YTD
2.53%	3.65%



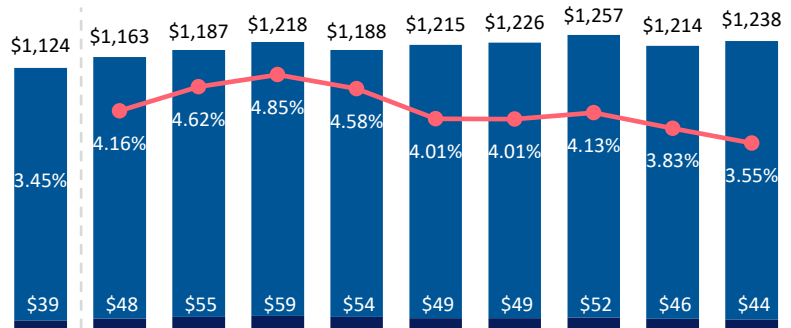
Credit Cards Portfolio

Highlights:

- Overall balances have generally trended upward
- Delinquency has followed an overall improving trend, declining below historical benchmark in Q2
- NCOs above historical benchmarks, with an overall declining trend since 2025
- Weighted-average FICO scores of approximately 773

Delinquency (\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	06/30/2026
3.74%	3.55%

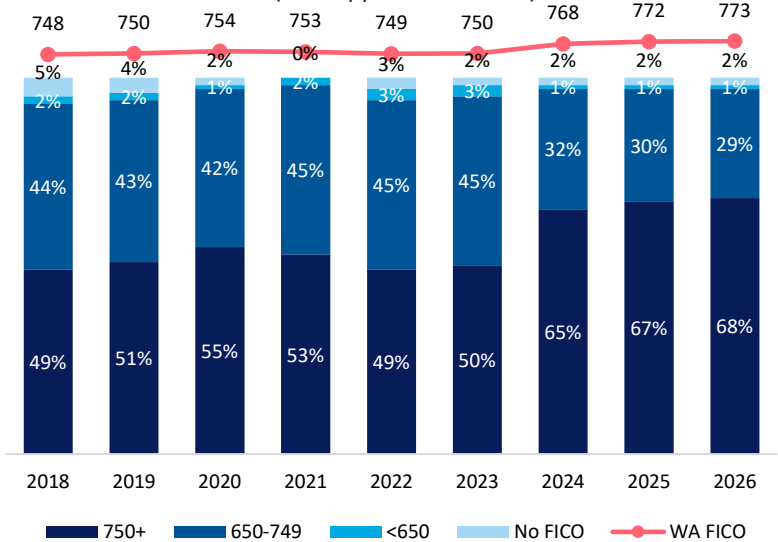


Q4 2019 Q2 2024 Q3 2024 Q4 2024 Q1 2025 Q2 2025 Q3 2025 Q4 2025 Q1 2026 Q2 2026

30+ DPD Portfolio 30+ DPD/Loans

FICO Mix of Originations

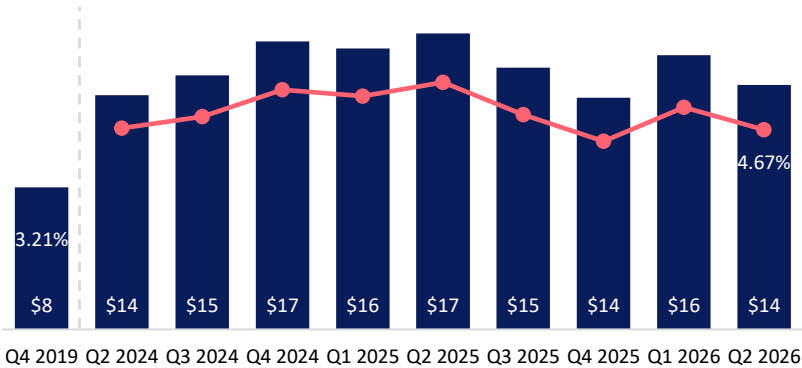
(% of approved amount)



NCOs and NCO-to-Loan Ratio

(\$ in millions)

Avg. 2011-2019	YTD
3.67%	5.20%



Credit Card NCOs NCOs %

P.R. Public Sector Exposure

- Substantially all the Corporation's direct exposure outstanding in Q2 were obligations from various Puerto Rico municipalities. As of June 30, 2026, our direct exposure outstanding to P.R. municipalities amounted to \$415 million, increasing by \$74 million from the prior quarter, mainly due to new loans to the municipality of San Juan
- Our direct exposure to P.R. government entities at June 30, 2026 includes an exposure associated with Automated Clearing House ("ACH") transaction settlements capped at \$47 million, none of which was outstanding

Municipalities

Obligations of municipalities are backed by real and personal property taxes, municipal excise taxes, and/or a percentage of the sales and use tax

P.R. Government Entities

Obligations of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, its agencies and instrumentalities (excluding municipalities)

Indirect Exposure

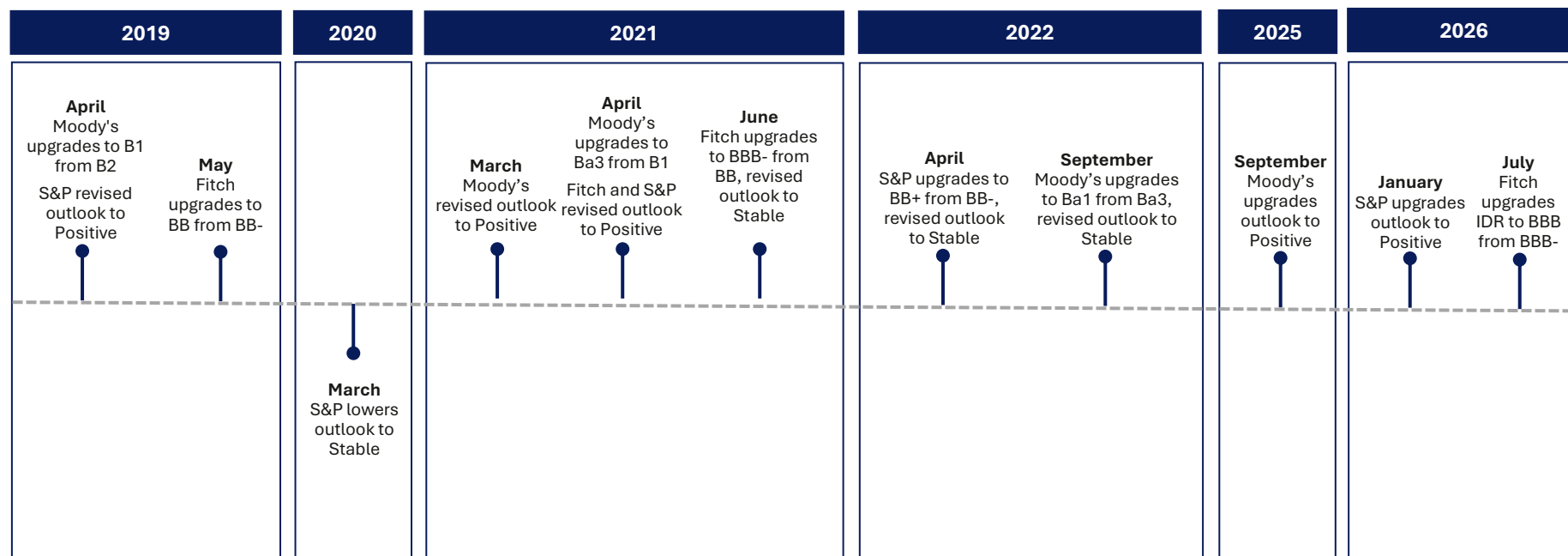
Includes loans or securities that are payable by non-governmental entities, but which carry a government guarantee to cover any shortfall in collateral in the event of borrower default. Majority are single-family mortgage related

Outstanding P.R. Sector Exposure

(\$ in millions)	Loans	Securities	Total
Municipalities	\$ 408	\$ 7	\$ 415
P.R. Government Entities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Indirect exposure	\$ 165	\$ 35	\$ 200

Popular's Credit Ratings

Senior Unsecured Ratings		
Fitch	BBB-	Stable Outlook
S&P	BB+	Positive Outlook
Moody's	Ba1	Positive Outlook



Investor Presentation

Second Quarter 2026

